

# Next-Generation Batteries – An Update on Li Metal Battery and All Solid-State Battery

Y. Shirley Meng

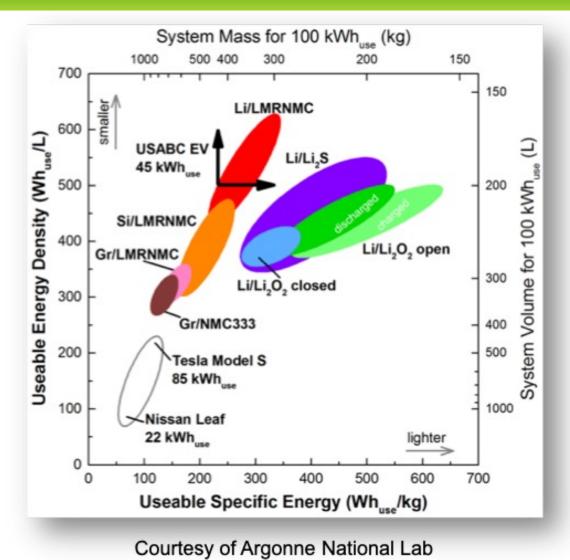
University of Chicago University of California San Diego



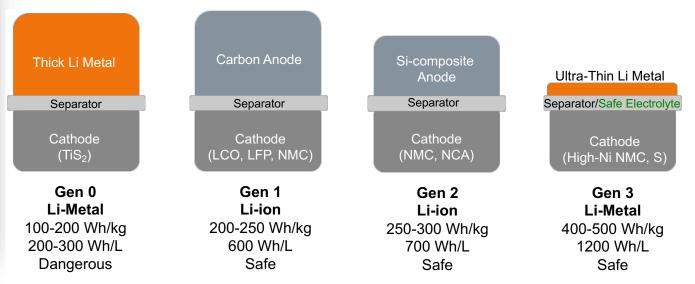
LIB will dominate, why bother with All Solid-State Battery?

### What We have Achieved

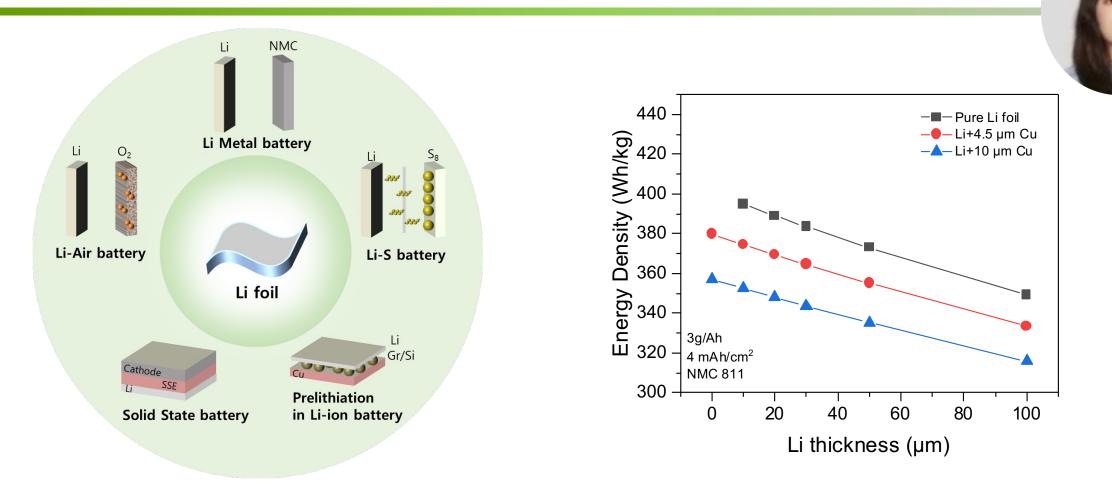




- Tripled the Energy Density 18650 Cylindrical Cell 1Ah → 3Ah
- Lowered the Cost 10 Times 2005 (2000\$/kWh) Today (<150\$/kWh)</li>
- Extended Cycle Life 300 cycles to 3000 cycles deep DOD
- >1TWh/yr worldwide production capacity will 10X Soon
- Recycling and Reuse of LiB Happening!!!



# Li Metal Foil – As a Game Changer

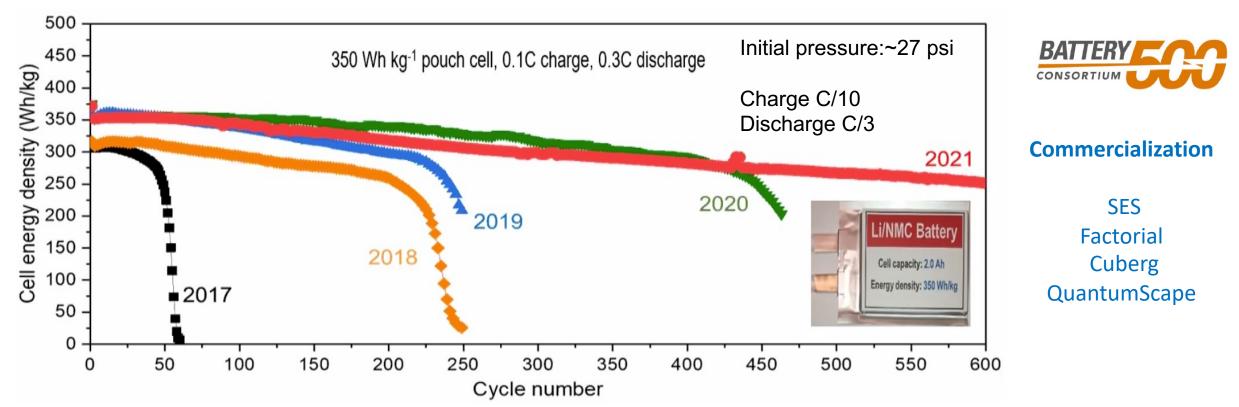


Application of Li foil in varies battery system

Cell level energy density of Li metal battery



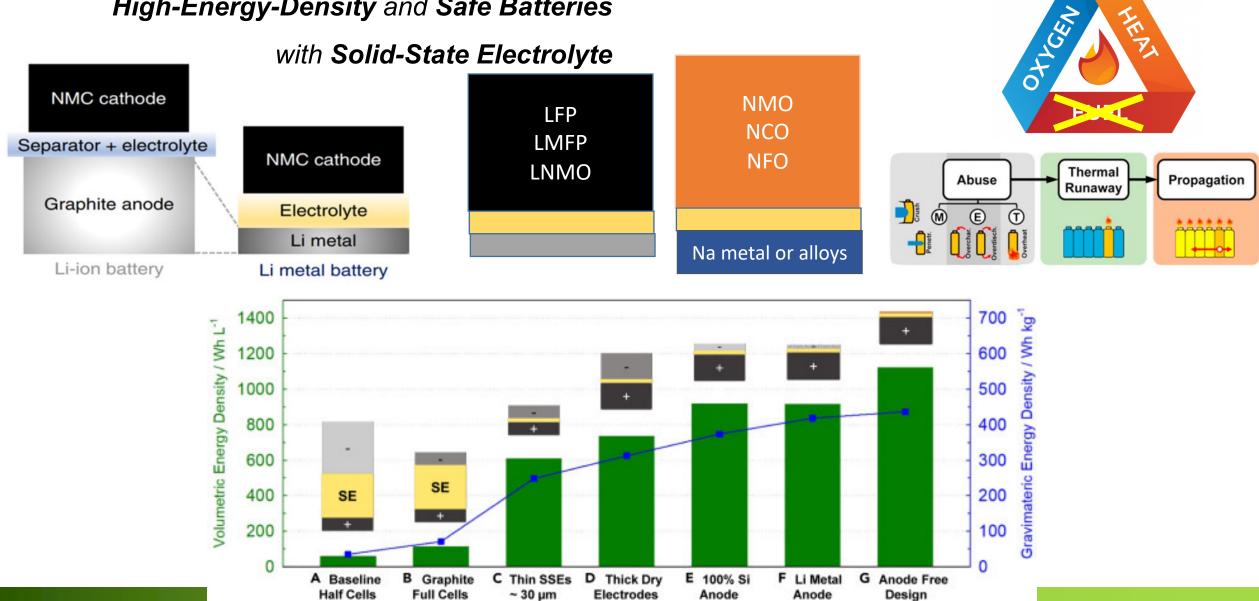
#### Stable Cycling of 350 Wh/kg Li/NMC622 Pouch Cell



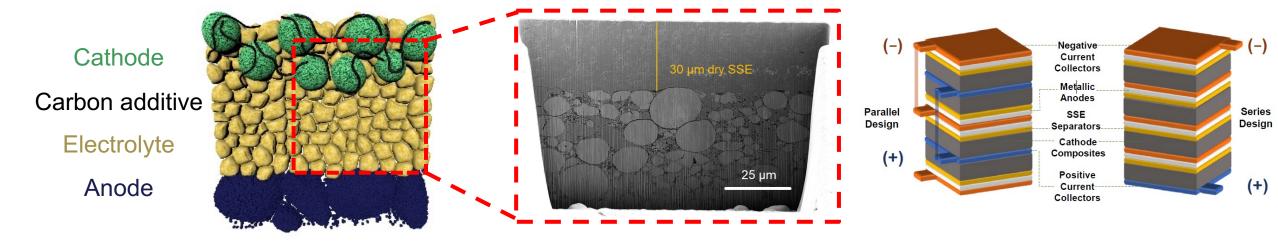
- Prototyping Li metal pouch cells demonstrate stable cycling: >550 cycles with 80% capacity retention (still under testing). Pouch cells are 2Ah in size and they can be produced by batches.
- A great platform to accelerate Batt500 innovation: electrode architecture, electrolyte, cell design, cell balance etc.
- Prototyping pouch cells were also shipped out for independent 3<sup>rd</sup> party validation.
- SAFETY UNKNOWN Risky for Startups to commercialize the technology at this point

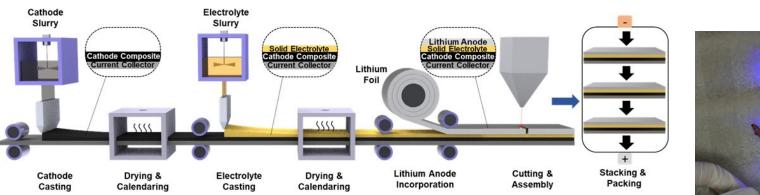
### All solid-state batteries – Platform Technology

#### High-Energy-Density and Safe Batteries



## A Platform Technology Enabled by Green Manufacturing





- Thin electrolyte film <30um
- High loading cathode >5mAh/cm2
- Stackable design bipolar design
- Dry processing green manufacturing

Series (bi-polar) stacking:

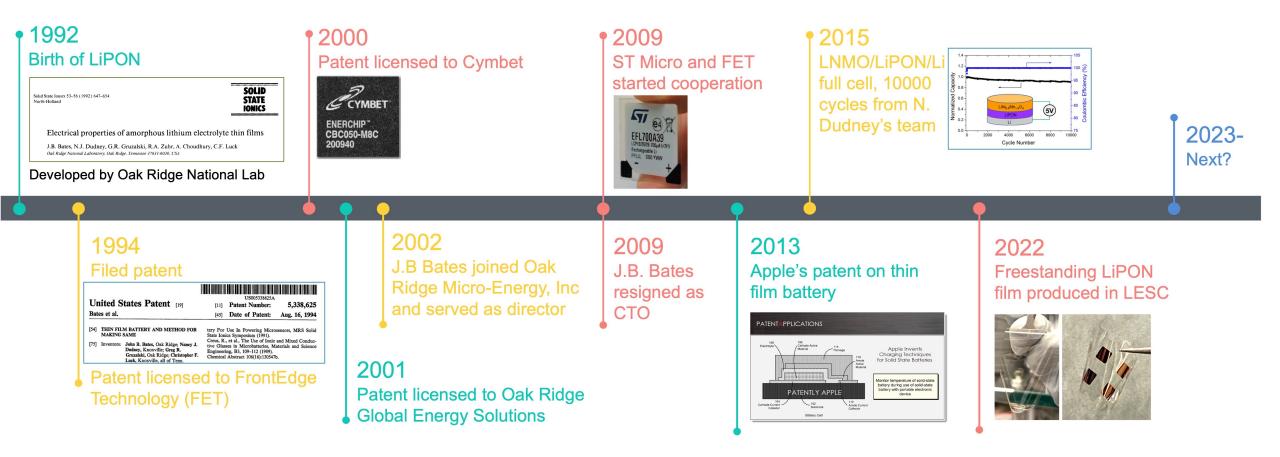
- ➢ Reduces inactive materials components → increase energy density
- Higher overall voltage per cell

 Enhanced safety and abuse tolerance

# When will All Solid-State Battery be Commercialized ?

Polymer based ones are already there!

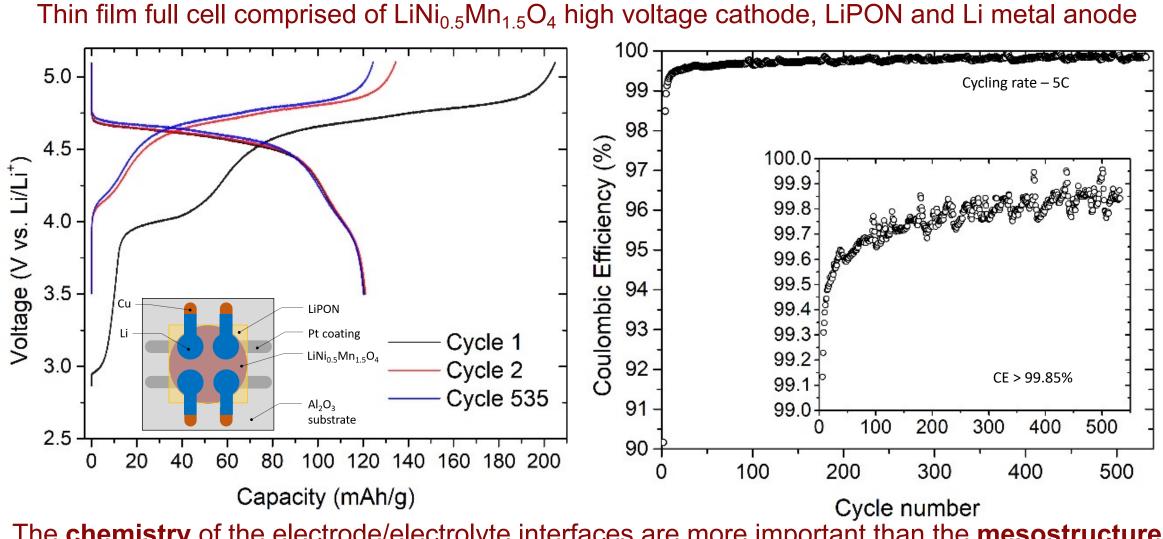
# A Brief (Long) History of LiPON





#### LiPON Enables Remarkable Battery Cyclability



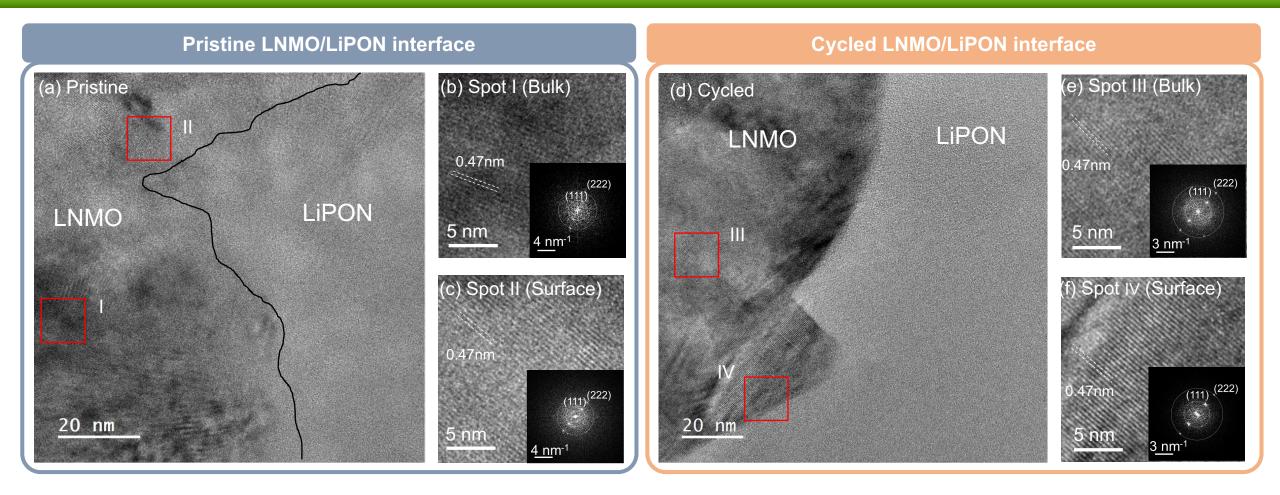


The **chemistry** of the electrode/electrolyte interfaces are more important than the **mesostructure** 

D. Cheng, T, A, Wynn, Y. S. Meng, et al., Joule, (2020), 4, 1–17.

#### Cryo-EM unravels the stable cathode electrolyte interphase UESC





Most regions along LNMO/LiPON interface after >500 cycles shows no signs of cracking, delamination or decomposition.

R. Shimizu, D. Cheng, Y. S. Meng et al. Adv. Energy Mater. 2022, 2201119

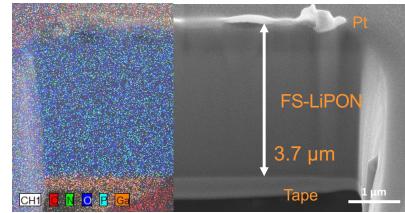
#### A unique form of LiPON thin film



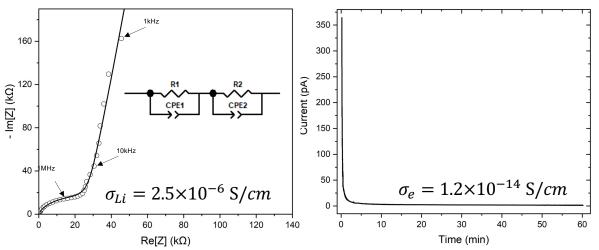
#### Free-standing LiPON film



#### Fully dense solid-state electrolyte



#### Consistent Li/electron transport characteristic as LiPON

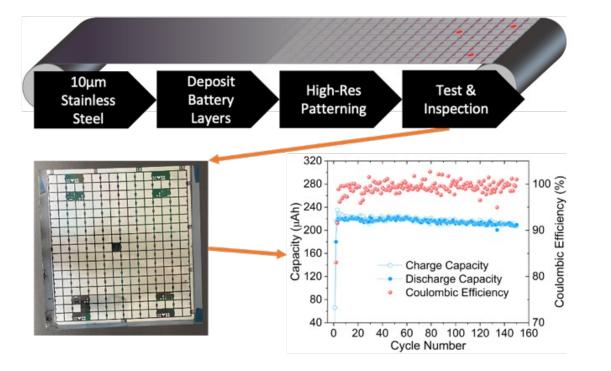


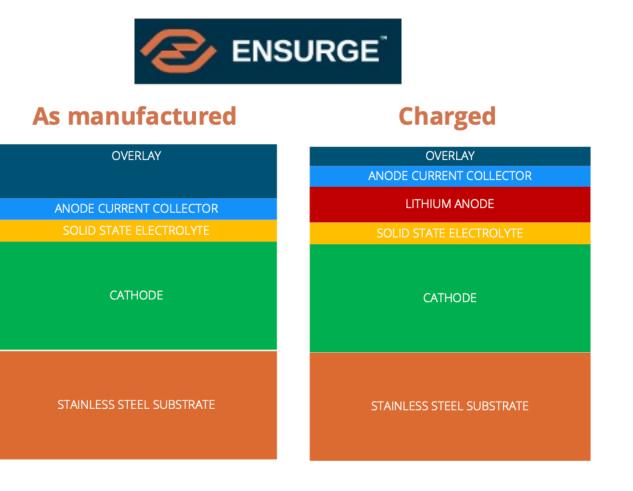
#### From Basic Science to Breakthrough Innovation



Enabled Free Standing LiPON Film Pressure free dense Li plating

Thin Film Battery (Ensurge) – Anode Free Micro-Battery

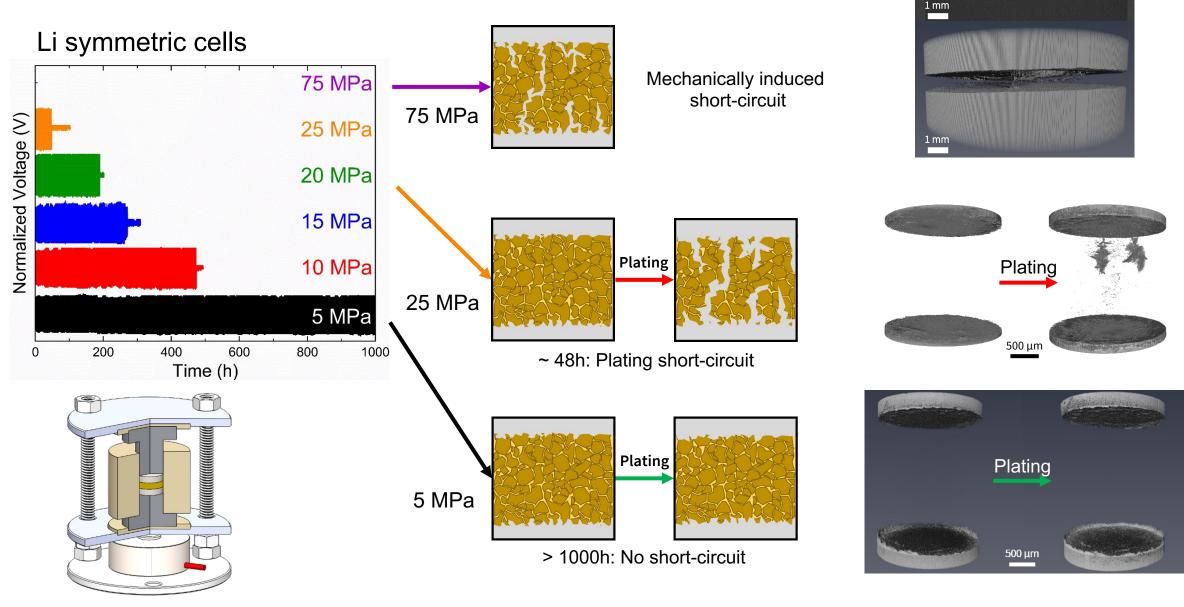




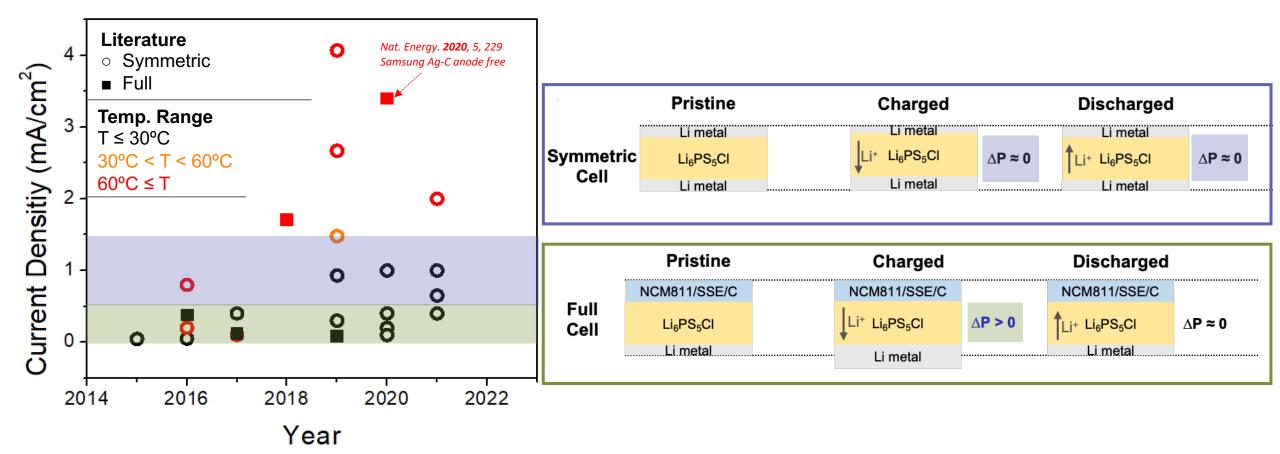
#### Unpublished data from Meng group

Please contact me if you would like an archived copy <a href="mailto:shirleymeng@uchicago.edu">shirleymeng@uchicago.edu</a>

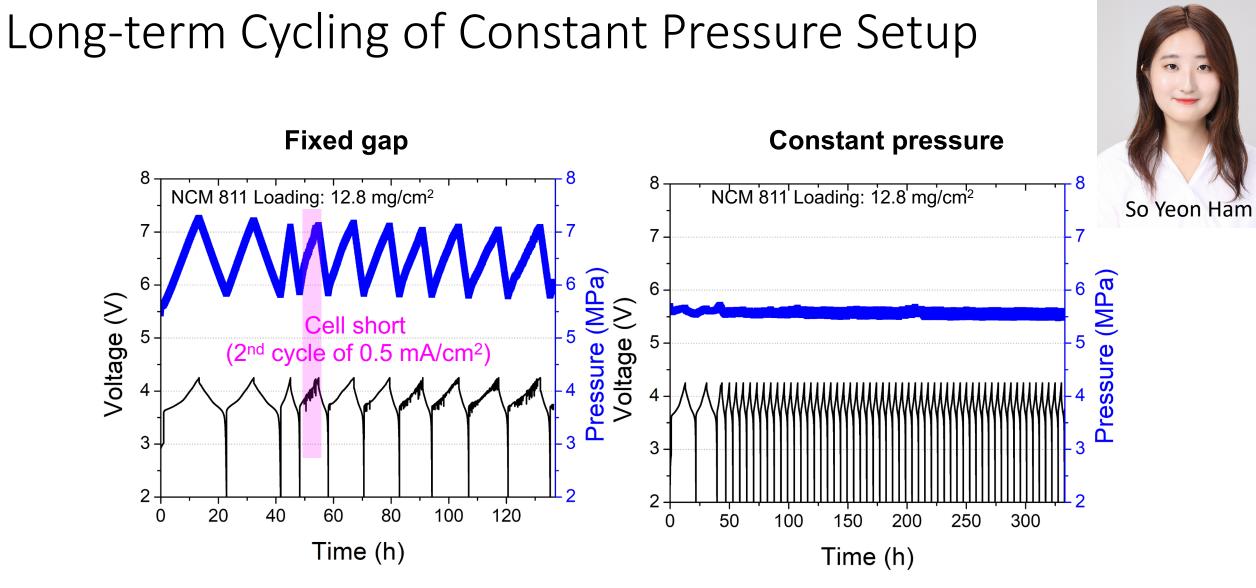
### Stack pressure effect on Li metal anode



### Reported Critical Current Densities of Li Metal ASSB



- Critical current density: Symmetric > Full
- Near room temperature full cell: < 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Pressure change: Symmetric < Full

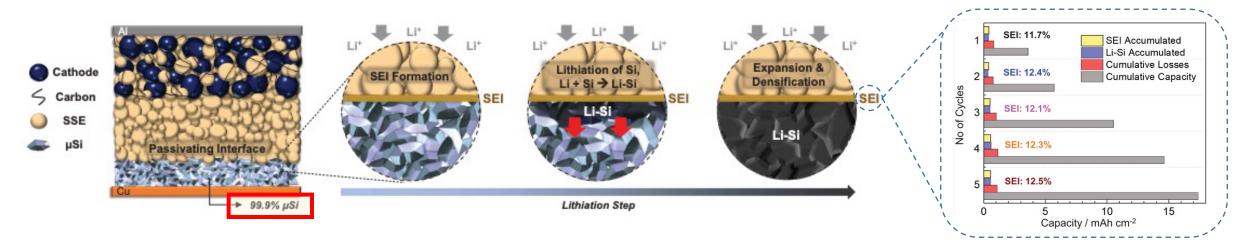


LG Energy Solution

**LGES-UCSD Frontier Research Laboratory** 

- 0.5 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> Long term cycling after two activation cycles
- Fixed gap: Shorted at 2<sup>nd</sup> cycle at 0.5 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Fixed gap: Cycled more than 50<sup>th</sup> cycle at 0.5 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>

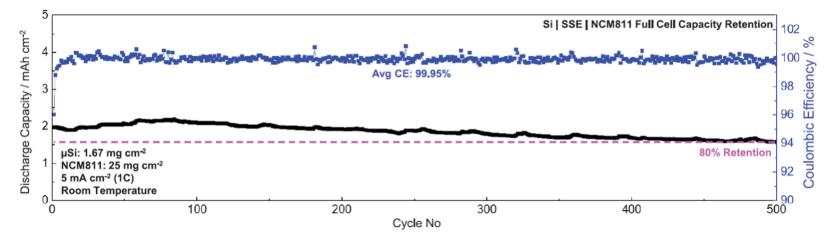
### Si Anode Synergy in Solid-State Batteries



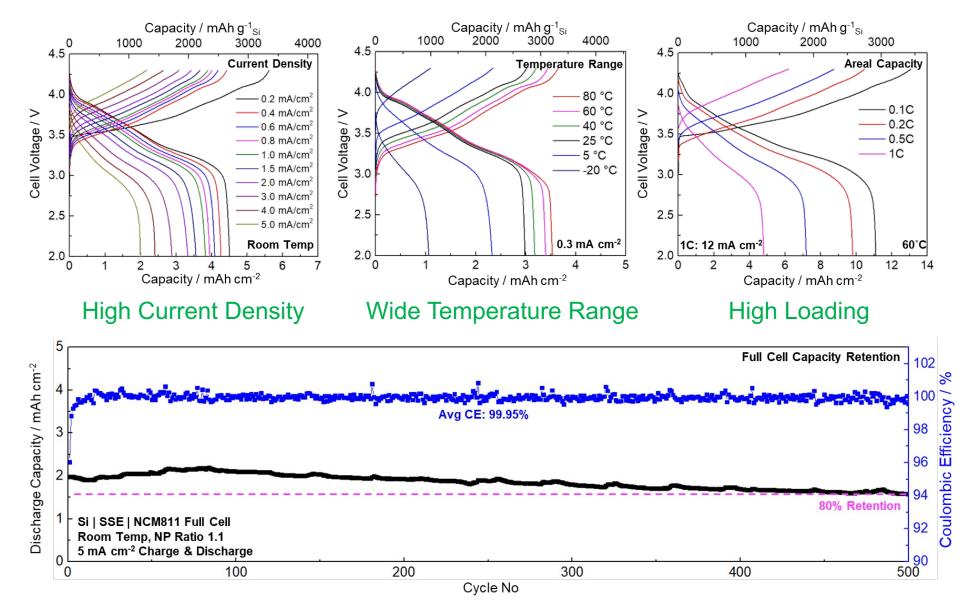
Enable 99.9% Si anode without carbon and solid electrolyte

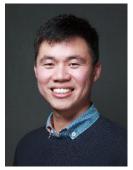
- Inventory loss to the passivating SEI remained relatively constant
- Realized Si cycling >500 cycles

However, it is paramount to *improve the initial Coulombic efficiency* (~76%) to achieve high energy density all-solid-state batteries



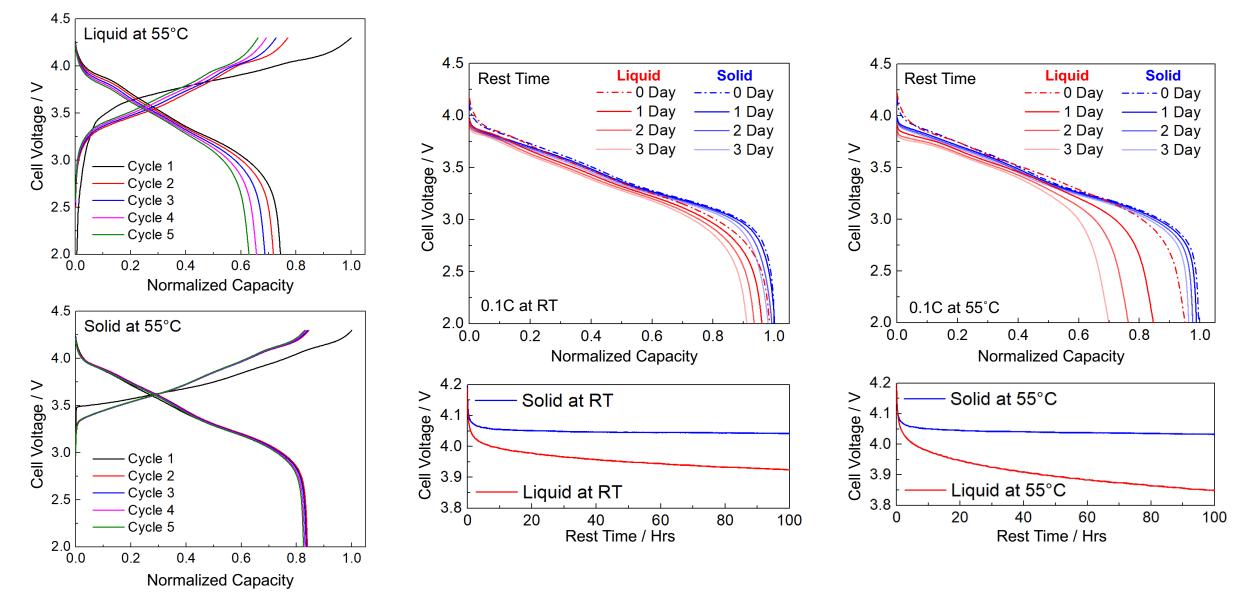
### Electrochemical performance





Dr. Darren Tan

#### Passivating Interfaces – Extremely Stable

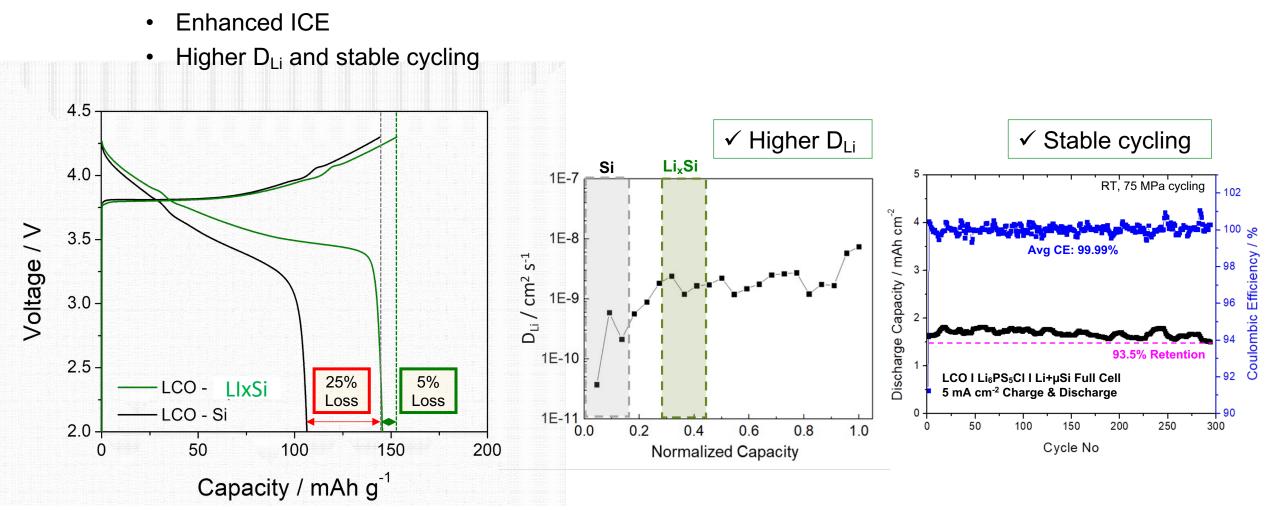


Tan, D.; Meng, Y. S. et al., Carbon Free High Loading Silicon Anodes Enabled by Sulfide Solid Electrolytes for Robust All Solid-State Batteries. (Science 2022)

# LG FRL - Anode Strategies

□ 1<sup>st</sup> Year Achievement

**LGES-UCSD Frontier Research Laboratory** 



So Yeon Ham et. al. To be Submitted 2023

# **Remaining Challenges**



Li2S price needs to come down by 5X -10X SSE particle size control must be done



Dry room compatibility - yes! Dry processing – at scale!!!

Pressure reduction from 100MPa – 50MPa – 5MPa Making SSB structural component



### A Very Disturbing Paper...



#### pubs.acs.org/cm

Article

Li meta

LiFePO,

300

#### Thermal Runaway Behavior of $Li_6PS_5CI$ Solid Electrolytes for $LiNi_{0.8}Co_{0.1}Mn_{0.1}O_2$ and $LiFePO_4$ in All-Solid-State Batteries

Taehun Kim,<sup>‡</sup> Kanghyeon Kim,<sup>‡</sup> Seonghyun Lee, Gawon Song, Min Soo Jung, and Kyu Tae Lee\*



Read Online

Li metal

Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>CI

LiNi<sub>0.8</sub>Co<sub>0.1</sub>Mn

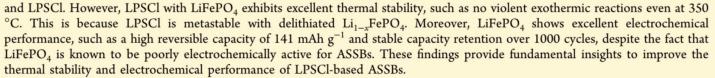
ACCESS

Article Recommendations

s Supporting Information

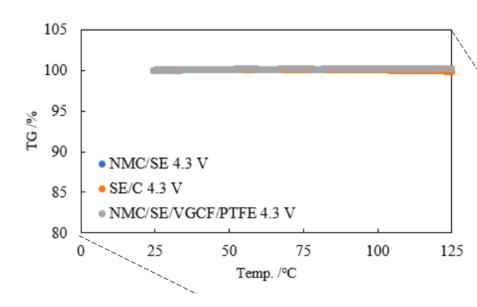
**ABSTRACT:** All-solid-state batteries (ASSBs) have received much attention because of their high energy density and safety. However, the safety of argyrodite-type  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$  (LPSCl)-based ASSBs is still not assured because their thermal stability has been assessed under selected mild conditions. Herein, we introduce the poor thermal stability of LPSCl with Ni-rich layered oxide cathode materials as the trigger of thermal runaway. The charged composite cathode pellets containing  $\text{Li}_{1-x}\text{Ni}_{0.8}\text{Co}_{0.1}\text{Mn}_{0.1}\text{O}_2$  and LPSCl are explosively burned at 150 °C even in Ar. Moreover, the mechanical abuse gives rise to violent burning at room temperature. This is due to vigorous exothermic chemical reactions between delithiated  $\text{Li}_{1-x}\text{Ni}_{0.8}\text{Co}_{0.1}\text{Mn}_{0.1}\text{O}_2$ 

Metrics & More



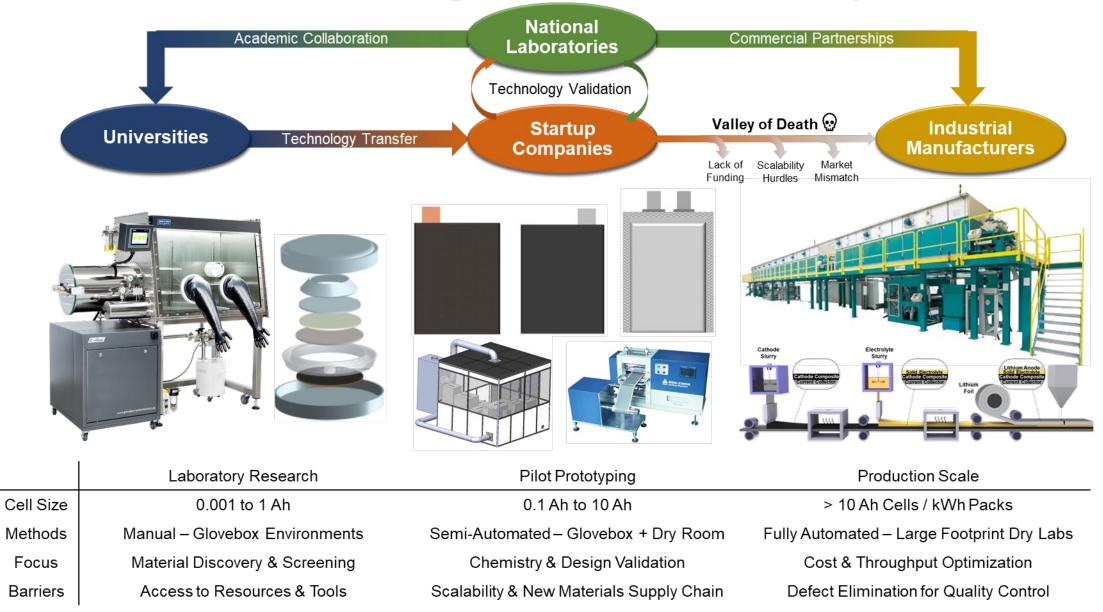
As a summary, I believe this paper is creating very specific scenarios to generate a NCM fire, and misinterpreting the cause as the SSE, which is not related to the ignition in the first place.

Dr. Darren Tan – CEO of UNIGRID



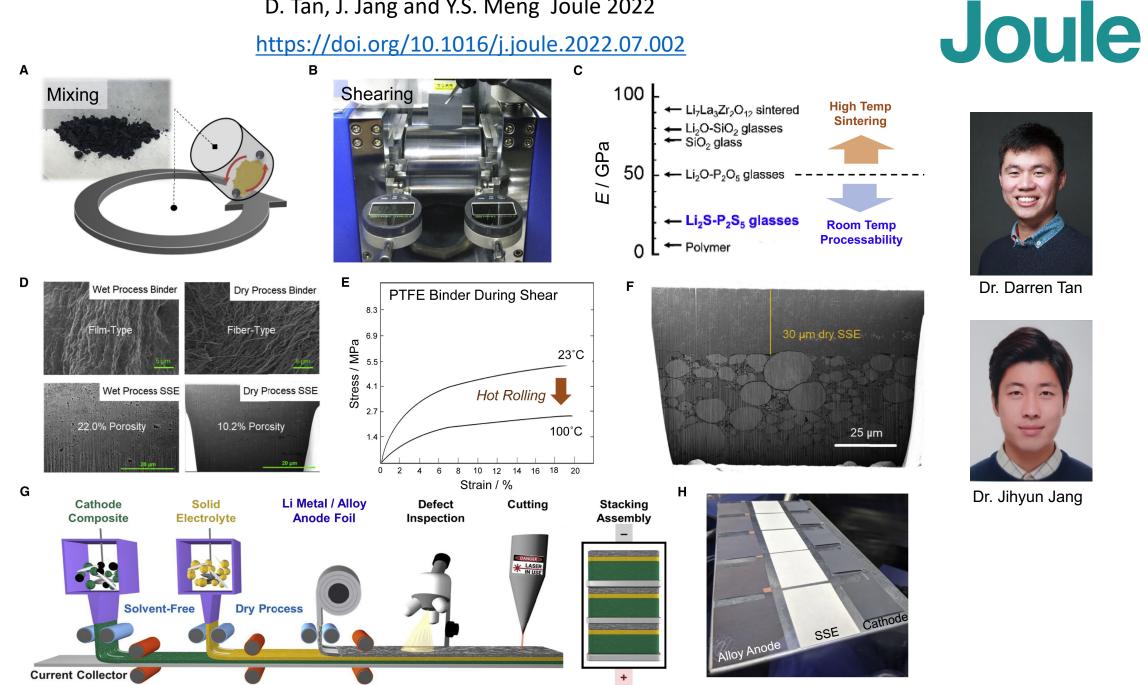
Data from work with Nissan, Unigrid and LG ES

# Making ASSBs a Reality



D. Tan, J. Jang and Y.S. Meng Joule 2022

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.joule.2022.07.002



# Acknowledgements First



Office of Science



Sustainable Power and Energy Center

KJ GROUP

**LGES-UCSD** Frontier Research Laboratory

Workflow design for battery

Quantum materials

Falcon Camera etc.

DOE BES 2012-now (Dr. Jane Zhu)

LiPON SSB and Perovskite SC and

Next-gen Cryo EM for Energy and

Memrisistive

Battery Prototyping





UC IRVINE MATERIALS RESEARCH INSTITUTE



Solid State Battery Team at my group